

# **Research Ethics Courses: Oslo and UMB**

- Philosophy of Science
  - What is science?
- Research Ethics
  - What responsibilities do scientists have?
- Science and Society
  - Education, funding, dissemination, patents,...



Testing whether or not animals "kiss"



# **Challenges**

- Breadth of students' research topics
- Variability in students' previous training in ethics and philosopy
- Number of students (UiO has 200-250 registered students per year)
- (Obligatory)

# **Highlights – student feedback**

- Opportunity to meet and discuss with students
- Chance to think about subjects that issues that are not usually part of the day to day research
- Important and relevant issues



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## **Discussion Cases**

- Relevant
- Topical
- Challenging







Italian Earthquake Court Case



Myriad Genetics
US Supreme Court Case

# Research Ethics: Three areas of responsibility

- Scientific community: research norms, misconduct, publication
- Research subjects: humans, animals
- Society: the public, environment, risk, dissemination



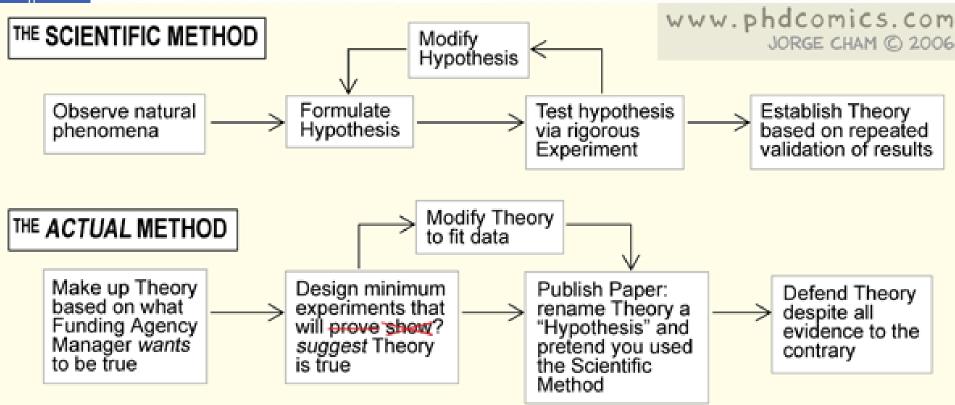






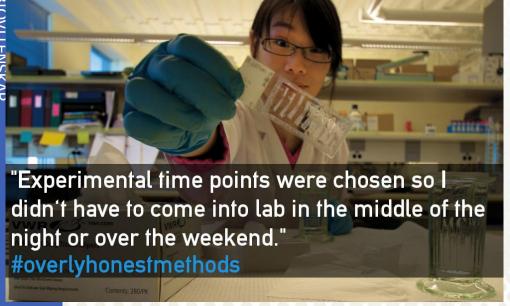


### **Good Research Practice**





# #overlyhonestmethods







Morgan Edwards@mangoedwards

I can't send you the original data because I don't remember what my excel file names mean anymore #overlyhonestmethods

Mags Lum@ScientistMags

There should have been more experiments but our funding ran out so we published it anyway. #overlyhonestmethods



Dean Burnett @garwboy

What the... We didn't do any of this! Has my supervisor edited it without telling me? Oh, great. Now I'll look stupid #overlyhonestmethods

Adriana Heguy@AdrianaHeguy

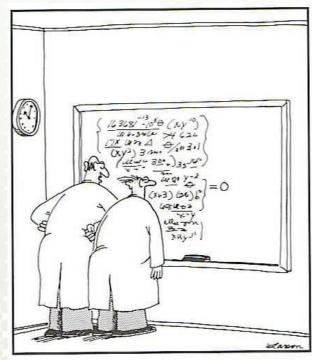
A Northern blot was run instead of realtime QPCR because the PI is old and does not trust results unless he sees a band #overlyhonestmethods



David C Logan@angerstusson

"Experiment was repeated until we had three statistically significant similar results and could discard the outliers"

#overlyhonestmethods



"No doubt about it, Ellington—we've mathematically expressed the purpose of the universe. God, how I love the thrill of scientific discovery!"



# **Publication and Authorship**

 Guidelines for publication and review – The International Committee of Medical Journal Editors (ICMJE) – "Uniform Requirements for Manuscripts Submitted to Biomedical Journals" (the Vancouver Convention) <a href="https://www.icmje.org">www.icmje.org</a>

#### THE AUTHOR LIST: GIVING CREDIT WHERE CREDIT IS DUE

The first author Senior grad student on the project. Made the figures. The third author
First year student who actually did
the experiments, performed the
analysis and wrote the whole paper.
Thinks being third author is "fair".

The second-to-last author Ambitious assistant professor or post-doc who instigated the paper.

Michaels, C., Lee, E. F., Sap, P. S., Nichols, S. T., Oliveira, L., Smith, B. S.

The second author
Grad student in the lab that has
nothing to do with this project,
but was included because
he/she hung around the group
meetings (usually for the food).

The middle authors Author names nobody really reads. Reserved for undergrads and technical staff. The last author
The head honcho. Hasn't
even read the paper but, hey,
he got the funding, and his
famous name will get the
paper accepted.

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2005



Figure 1 The bizarre climax of the sensational Scopes trial occurred on the afternoon of 20 July 1925 when Clarence Darrow (right) questioned William Jennings Bryan (left) about the literal truth of the Bible. The Scopes trial remains the most famous event in the evolution-creationism controversy. Photograph courtesy of Bryan College.

# THE DENVER POST

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# 79% back creationism in schools

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Figure 2 This front-page headline on the 11 March 2000 issue of The Denver Post announced Americans' continuing and overwhelming desire to have creationism taught in public schools.

#### Decades after monkey trial, debate hasn't evolved much

Theory's detractors say 'popular revolt' under way page of the Houston

By TODD ACKERMAN

Even before he became a Chrishan, Jeff Phrener was an apponent of evolution.

Ello litterest to such matters was twofold: As a wildlife artist. Pariner studied animal anatomy, and as a lifekone dimesaur buff, he read verscinusty about prehistory. The more research be did, snya Parmen, the less commute evidence he found for

"I grew up, also most people, us surning evalution was frue," saya Parmer, a 1987 Chinesity of Recision

graduate who wrote an opinion col-umn for the Chronicle earlier this means calling evolution a "ground libu-

"But ultimately, text backs on evo litton couldn't enswer my most hisdamental question: Why can't we dearly and constraintly see it in the

Three-counters of a century after the Sespes munkey trial, Americans' resistence to evolution remains about the same. Same the Kanasa Beard of Education in August de emplasized toaching that man do sevended from a consulor successor. newspapers around the muntry bave

lets to the editor, presidential candi- 1999, dates been taken notice, and polic show as many people reject conflution.

1.3 gotten to the point that leading quotions apportunity are growing that a "popular revolc" la sinder why

The state of affairs as vesting to scientists, who believe that condition is as well documented as Earth's revolution around the sun. To deep evulu-tion often menes believing that Farth is less than 10,000 years old, that enrichm dating is false. that life up Earth enists presty much as it did at the beginning of firms. No wonder,

See EVOLUTION on Page 16A

Figure 3 Decades after the Scopes trial, the evolutioncreationism debate rages on in the United States. This article appeared on the front Chronicle on 18 September



# Lysenko and Khrushchev Wikepedia

### naturenews

Published online 17 September 2008 | Nature | doi:10.1028/news.2008.1116

Creationism stir fries Reiss

Royal Society's director of education stands down.

#### Daniel Cressey

The director of education at the one of the world's premier scientific bodies has been forced from his job in a row over approaches to creationism in the classroom.

Michael Reiss, a professor at London's Institute of Education and an ordained minister in the Church of England, yesterday stepped down from his post as director of education at Britain's Royal Society. The move, which appears to have been forced, follows a letter to the president of the Society, Martin Rees, from three Nobel-prize winning fellows "greatly concerned" by remarks Reiss was reported to have made at the British Association for the Advancement of Science's annual "Festival of Science" on 11 September

Reiss's remarks on the need to engage in dialogue with the creationist views some children express in science classes resurrected claims that, as a priest, Reiss should not have been appointed in the first place. "When he was appointed there were concerns that he would push a religious agenda," says Richard Roberts, chief scientific officer of New England BioLabs in Massachusetts, a fellow of the society who in 1993 won the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine. The fact that "Professor Reiss is a clergyman ... in itself is very worrisome," said the letter that Roberts sent on behalf of himself, Harold Kroto, of Florida State University in Tallahassee, and John Sulston, of the University of Manchester, UK



Professor Michael Reiss

Institute of Education



# **Example Group Discussion**

- A Norwegian group of global warming sceptics, "Cool It", has taken the Department of Education to court, challenging the showing of "An Inconvenient Truth" in school science classes.
- You are expert witnesses to a firm of solicitors who have been assigned the task of creating the strongest possible case for: a) the opponents of the film; b) supporters of showing the film
- Try to find the best arguments for both sides.
- Allocate a spokesperson for each side.

October 11, 2007

# Al Gore's inconvenient judgment

Lewis Smith, Environment Reporter

#### The nine inconveniences

Al Gore's award-winning climate change documentary was littered with nine inconvenient untruths, a judge ruled yesterday.

An Inconvenient Truth won plaudits from the environmental lobby and an Oscar from the film industry but was found wanting when it was scrutinised in the High Court in London.

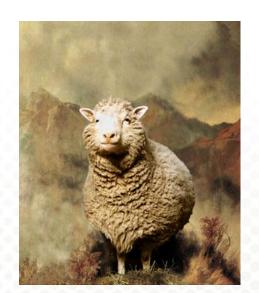
Mr Justice Burton identified nine significant errors within the former presidential candidate's documentary as he assessed whether it should be shown to school children. He



agreed that Mr Gore's film was "broadly accurate" in its presentation of the causes and likely effects of climate change but said that some of the claims were wrong and had arisen in "the context of alarmism and exaggeration".



# **Environmental and Animal Ethics**



Dolly, library.thinkquest.org



Glofish©







Mother and Child, Divided (Damien Hirst), Astrup Fearnley Museum

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# **Conclusions**

- Make time for small group discussions
- Case, cases, cases...
- Will not please all the people all the time,...
- Mixture of classic cases and topical cases
- Lectures from scientists and philosophers
- Exam is the form of essays give opportunity for deeper analysis (and is an excellent source of teaching cases ...)



